THE BEAVER ARGUS
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☞ Letters and contributions, by mail shall have prompt attention.

QUAY & RUTAN, Eds. & Pro'rs.

BEAVER ARGUS

Vol. 41--No. 22, Beaver, Wednesday, [illegible] 31, 1865. Established 1818

POETICAL.

THE DIVAN.

I.

A little maid of Astrakan,
An idol on a silk divan:
She sits so still, and never speaks,
She holds a cup divine:
'Tis full of [illegible] and on her cheeks
Are stains [illegible] tears of wine!

II.

O little girl of Astrakan,
I join thee on the silk divan:
There is no need to seek the land,
The rich bazaars where rubies shine;
For mines are in that little hand,
And on those [illegible] wine!

[illegible]

Miscellaneous.

[The following letter has been handed to us with a request for its publication:

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Apr. 13, '65.

S. B. WILSON, Esq.—*Dear Brother*: You express a desire to have my views on the subject of Reconstruction, and the status of the insurrectionary districts. I have thrown them together in a rough-handed, crude form, more for want of disposition than time to wrangle with a subject—simple in my opinion, yet vast in its importance and bearing upon the destinies of our country.

The United States, as I understand it, are composed of all the States of this Union, with property in territories and unorganized domain. This relation cannot be changed nor altered by the act of an individual State or several of them, no more than the color or observation of a Caucasian can make him, out of his own family and race, make him a Malay;—he is still a Caucasian, whatever may be his acts.

The United States—the original thirteen States, and all subsequently acquired, became, by their own act, by their own choice, a centralized constituted, whole—a [illegible] central sovereignty [illegible] powers are [illegible] of

[illegible] State surrendered [illegible] sovereignty when she entered into the compact. Not one attribute or characteristic of it did a State retain as a distinct and independent State, right, sovereign, or as an allied or confederated sovereign. As evidence of which a State cannot make or declare war, form an alliance, or treaty of peace; cannot regulate commerce, her foreign relation, currency, nor tax revenue, only for internal purposes, as can a county, borough, or township. She cannot perform one single act of independent sovereignty. Every act having a direct reference to her internal relations, ever will and of necessarily be in the nature of her relation to her sister States. The General Government is to the States what the sun is to the solar system. It keeps all the planetary States moving in their proper spheres; and it is amazing the wisdom displayed by our fathers in setting this sun in our political heaven to keep in motion and working so harmoniously all these States.

Where is the power of State rights to resist the General Government, or carry a State out of the Union? The people may carry themselves out; they may go out of the country, they may expatriate themselves by their own act; but as long as they remain within the bounds of the State they are bound by the laws of said state to subordination to the great fundamental law of the land, the Constitution of the United States. They may commit treason, go to Canada or Mexico; then they are succeeded in expatriating themselves, and as long as they remain there, we cannot disturb them. But let them set foot upon our soil again, and by our laws, and the laws of nations, they should die. But while in Canada or Mexico, there is a constituent State. Whose is it? Where does it belong? Does it belong nowhere? or does it belong to Mexico or Canada, as the property of their newly acquired citizens? I answer, without fear of contradiction, it is still one of the United States.

While the people are in a state of rebellion, it may be said of that state, that it is badly demoralized," the loyal element has seceded, and is gone, but the physical is still there, and there it must remain, as a part and parcel of the United States, unless, indeed, the rebellion proves a success. Then it is called revolution, and by itself alone can States or counties be divided, unless by common consent.

If, then, secession and rebellion cannot separate a state from one common inheritance—the Union—what is the dictate of common sense and statesmanship, after it has been wrested from the grasp of the insurgent? What is the duty of a wise legislator, or rather chief magistrate, but to call together the loyal elements of such insurrectionary district, and authorize them to re-establish and set in motion the machinery of government again. With such alterations in their municipal regulations as were necessary in a state of war, to render successful the effort to save the life of the nation, and may be still further necessary to render the government stable and permanent, to prevent a recurrence of such an outbreak, by the utter removal of the insurrectionary element, especially, when that element is hostile to the genius of our government and to liberty.

The subject of peace always involves the subject of treaty, of negotiation, &c., just as though we had to do with a foreign power. With whom shall we treat? With Mr. Davis and his Cabinet? Certainly not, for we do not recognize the official position of either, and consequently there is no lodgment of commensurate power there. With whom then shall we negotiate if not with Mr Davis and his Cabinet? With commissioners? Who shall appoint them? The existence of commissioners presupposes the existence of a power behind, to appoint, to commission them, and we acknowledge no such power, and consequently cannot receive commissioners.

Well, but we have acknowledged a power foreign to us somewhere, in our cartel of exchange. Then, for the sake of humanity, we have negotiated with them on this subject, as we would be compelled to do with a band of Pirates, who might capture our men sent in pursuit of them.

It might become necessary—to save the life of [illegible] to propose [illegible] that circumstances may induce or compel us to do from motives of humanity what principle does not require, or demand of us. Hence our arrangement with the Rebels for the exchange of prisoners; for had we treated the prisoners we took of them as traitors, and consigned them to a traitor's doom, retaliation would have made sad havoc with our poor boys in their hands. True they have treated our captured soldiers, in most cases, worse than if they had been put to death, for they have tortured them to death by abuse, starvation and exposure, until death was a boon to be sought in preference to the living death of their imprisonment. But then have we not the advantage of them in this whole matter? We never have retaliated. We still fed, clothed, housed and doctored their men until when exchanged it was a matter of remark among themselves that they returned in high spirits, &c. Surely this will set us right in history, before the world, and in the eyes of Him who hath said "Vengeance is mine, I will repay saith the Lord."

Now that we have [illegible] the territory of Virginia from a traitor's grasp, what will we do with it? Call traitors together to give council and treat on the subject? Why such a thing is absurd. Are there no sound patriots, no loyal men in Virginia, to council, to re organize and restore the State government? Not to bring the State back into the Union, for it never has been out, but by the traitorous action of many of its citizens, the laws of the United States have been obstructed and rendered inoperative; and now shall we in the same doughfaced spirit which has for half a century characterized our conduct toward the South, ask them to restore the State to its normal relation to the General Government, or shall we, like men who have driven them from their usurped power, go forward and finish our mission, establish a free government, one continent, and in harmony with the Magna Charta of *American* liberty, the Declaration of Independence. Have we not fairly won the right to do so, by our prodigality of blood and and treasure; or is the mawkish respect for perjured expatriated ex-citizens of Virginia of more value than the precious lives of our sons, brothers and fathers? Take traitors into council to finish a work for which we have paid so dear, and which is so near completion that all it wants is the hand of the Patriot to put on the coping! The blood of our thousands of Heroes forbids it; Justice forbids it, and the Nation will forbid it. Now you have about what I think on this subject.

Your affectionate brother,

T. M'K. WILSON.

"From the Field, the Dungeon and the Escape."

THE ESCAPE.

A good wit will make use of any thing; I will turn disease to commodity. KING HENRY IV.

On that Sunday evening, half an hour before dark (the latest moment at which the guards could be passed, even by authorized persons, without the countersign,) my friends, Messrs. Browne and Davis, went out to the Rebel hospital, beyond the inner line of sentinels, as if to order their usual medical supplies for the [illegible]. As they passed [illegible] times a day and [illegible] familiar [illegible] not [illegible]

[illegible] As it [illegible] lay toward the gate, [illegible] against trees or standing in [illegible] the doors, [illegible] looked on to see how the pass worked. When we reached the gate, I took the box from the boy, and said to him, of course for the benefit of the sentinel:

"I am going outside, to get these bottles filled. I shall be back in about fifteen minutes, and want you to remain right here, to take them and distribute them among the hospitals. Do not go away, now."

The lad, understanding the matter perfectly, replied, "Yes, sir;" and I attempted to pass the sentinel by mere assurance.

I had learned long before how far a man may go, even in captivity, by sheer native impudence—by [illegible] right along, without hesitating [illegible] a confident look, just as if [illegible] right to go and [illegible] to [illegible]

[illegible]

I think I could have done [illegible] occasion, but for the fact that [illegible] been tried successfully two or three times, and the guards severely punished. The sentinel stopped me with his musket, demanding:

"Have you a pass, sir?"

"Certainly, I have a pass," I replied, with all the indignation I could assume. "Have not you seen it often enough to know by this time?"

Apparently a little confounded, he replied, modestly:

"Probably I have, but they are very strict with us, and I was not quite sure."

I gave to him this genuine pass belonging to my associate:

HDQRS CONFEDERATE STATES MILITARY PRISON,
Salisbury, N. C., Dec. 5, 1864.

Junius A. Browne, Citizen, has permission to pass the inner gate of the Prison, to assist in carrying medicines to the Military Prison Hospitals, until further orders. J. A. FUQUA,
Capt. and Assist. Commandant of Post.

We had speculated for a long time about my using a spurious pass, and my comrades prepared several, with a skill and exactness which demonstrated that, if their talents had been turned in that direction, they might have made fortunes as [illegible]. But we finally [illegible] the most available pass was [illegible] guard had any doubt as to [illegible] tell him to send [illegible] for examination. The [illegible] would, of course, be that it was genuine.

But it was not submitted to any such inspection. The guard spelled it out slowly, then folded and returned it to me, saying:

"That pass is all right. I know Captain Fuqua's handwriting. Go on, sir; excuse me, sir, for detaining you."

I thought him very excusable under the circumstances, and walked out.—My great fear was that, during the half hour which must elapse before I could go outside the garrison, I might encounter some Rebel officer or *attaché* who knew me.

Before I had walked ten steps, I saw, sauntering to and fro on the piazza of the head-quarters building, a deserter from our service named Davidson, who recognized and bowed to me. I rather thought he would not betray me, but was still fearful of it. I went on, and a few yards further, coming toward me in that narrow lane, where it was impossible to avoid him, I saw the one Rebel officer who knew me better than any other [illegible] into my quarters frequently [illegible] ant Stockton, the post-adjutant [illegible] serving him in the distance, [illegible] I recognized in him that old [illegible] which had so long and [illegible] baffled us.

When we met I bade him [illegible] ning, and conversed for [illegible] minutes upon the weather, or some [illegible] ject, in which I did not [illegible] profound interest. Then [illegible] into head-quarters, and [illegible] yards further [illegible] named [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] ing [illegible] kind, I [illegible] house.

* * *

For many months [illegible] ing prison, we had [illegible] the name of Dan Ellis, [illegible] ioh guide, who, since the [illegible] the war, had done nothing [illegible] loyal men to our issue.

Ellis is a hero, and [illegible] He had taken through [illegible] then found [illegible] probably seen more adventure [illegible] fights and races with the rebels [illegible] journeys, sometimes [illegible] through the snow, or [illegible] rivers full of floating ice, than [illegible] man living.

He never lost [illegible] was swooped up [illegible] boodlessness. The party [illegible] eight or ten days [illegible] ing but parched [illegible] that a man could [illegible] miles [illegible] ed more than [illegible] dier, [illegible] bound [illegible]

[illegible] They are our people. They have suffered in our cause. They are going to their homes in our lines. We can't ride and let these men walk. Get down off your horses, and help them up."

Down they came, and up we went, and then we pressed along at a ter-

[illegible] dier, vowing [illegible] first house [illegible] best meal, if he was captured for it. He went to the first house, obtained the meal, and was captured.

After we had traveled fifty miles everybody said to us, "If you can only find Dan Ellis, and do just as he tells you, you will be certain to get through."

We *did* find Dan Ellis. On a Sunday night, one hundred and thirty four miles from our lines, greatly broken down, we reached a point on the road, waited for two hours, when along came Dan Ellis, with a party of seventy men—refugees, prisoners, Rebel deserters, Union soldiers returning from their homes within the enemy's lines, and escaping prisoners. About thirty of them were mounted and twenty armed.

Like most men of action, Dan was a person of few words. When our story had been told him, he said to his comrades:

"Boys, here are some gentlemen who have escaped from Salisbury and who are almost dead from the journey. [illegible] down rocky [illegible] through swamps, [illegible] where but upon [illegible] we had traveled three [illegible] Mr. Davis fell back from [illegible] and said to me.

"That young lady rides very well; does she not?"

"What young lady?"

"The young lady who is piloting us?"

I had thought Dan Ellis was piloting us, and rode forward to see about the young lady.

There she was, surely enough. I could not scrutinize her face in the darkness, but it was said to be comely. I could see that her form was graceful, and the ease and firmness with which she sat her horse would have been a lesson for a riding master.

She resided at the Union house, where Dan had gone for news. The moment she learned his need, she volunteered to pilot him out of that [illegible] where she was born [illegible] and knew every acre. The [illegible] horse (one belonging [illegible] but [illegible] was brought [illegible]

[illegible] ding [illegible]

She led us for seven miles. Then, while we remained in the woods, she rode forward over the long bridge which spanned the Nalechucky River, to see if there were any guards upon it; went to the first Union house beyond to learn whether the road were picketed; came back, and told us the the coast was clear. Then she rode by our long line toward her home. We should have given her three rousing cheers, had it been safe to cheer. I hope the time is not far distant when her name may be made public. Until the Rebel guerrillas are driven out from their hiding places near her mountain home, it will not be prudent.

THE Legislature of Connecticut, now in session, has before it a proposition to amend the State Constitution so as to give the right of voting to colored persons. It will probably pass without much opposition. Colored men voted in that State down to the year 1817.

The Plot to Burn Northern Cities.

Reverend W. H. Ryder, D. D., pastor of the First Universalist church in this city, paid a visit to the doomed city of Richmond immediately after its evacuation by the rebel hordes. He found everything in direst confusion. Heaps of papers lay scattered all around the State House, and even in the streets. He picked up a great many, and had others given him by friends. He had not time to make a full inspection; all he thought of [illegible] he might be able to find [illegible] add to the at- [illegible] fair. Arrived [illegible] ed the [illegible] among [illegible] docu- [illegible] al [illegible]

[illegible] we had traveled three [illegible] Mr. Davis fell back from [illegible] and said to me.

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NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS

Advertisements inserted at $1 per square for each subsequent insertion 50 cents. A liberal discount made to yearly advertisers, and on long advertisements.

A space equal to TWELVE lines of this type measured as a square.

Special notices 25 per cent. addition to regular rates.

Business cards, 75 cents a line, per year.

Marriages and Deaths, Religious, Political and other Notices of a public nature [illegible]

Religious.

—President Doomis, of [illegible] College, located at Meadville, in a communication to the *Christian Advocate*, Pittsburg say s fifty thousand dollars have been added to the endowment fund, and pledges have been made for a considerable sum more. Recently Prof. Haldeman's cabinet of minerals, fossils And shells, and his valuable scientific library, together with the celebrated "Alger Cabinet" of minerals, costing many thousand of dollars. Superior Philosophical and chemical apparatus have been recently purchased.

—The visit of Mr. A. Woodruff, of New York, to Berlin, something over a year ago, resulted in the establishment of Sunday Schools, after the English and American type. Notwithstanding the hostility to the [illegible] schools with 150 teachers [illegible] scholars were reported [illegible] of the year. They [illegible] a powerful means of [illegible] living and saving [illegible] place of infidelity [illegible]

—It is stated [illegible] Brooklyn young man [illegible] abilities, who has recently [illegible] himself from the Methodists, will take orders in the Episcopal Church at an early day.

—During last month a Congregational church was formed in the chapel, 23 Rue Royale, Paris, after an introductory sermon by the Rev. George Smith, D. D. Eight persons, male and female, were received into the communion. The Rev. T. B. Hurt was installed pastor, Rev D. Sunderland, agent of the American Chapel, participating in the services.

—A Missionary [illegible] established [illegible] Shanghai [illegible] part [illegible]

—The Universal Israelite Alliance which has its centre in Paris, but branches in most of the large christian countries, is now making special efforts to establish schools for the Jews in the African and Asiatic countries.

Agricultural.

Salting Hay.

Much has been said about salting hay, by different writers, and many think that hay is as well and even better without salt. We have now put a lock of hay in our barns for some twenty years without applying about six quarts of salt to each ton of hay, which is about the amount considered by stock in the consumption of a ton of hay. The result has always been that our hay was bright, and as fragrant as tea, had never moulded, or of musty hay. During haying one year, our hay was out, cured and in the barn without a drop of rain on it, and thought it in such good condition we would omit the salt. So we did, and what was the result? Well, we have not used a lock of hay in the barns but what is more or less musty. For twenty years we salted and had the best of hay; and one year we omitted the salt and had the poorest hay. Hence the above remarks are not predicated on one year's experience.—*Cor. Country Gentleman.*

Sowing Grass Seed

From experiments conducted in England, a fact is proved that has only been suspected by some farmers that in many cases a considerable portion of the seeds of the grasses and clovers are lost, owing to the manner of sowing and covering them. Germination of such small seeds is often wholly prevented, owing to the depth of the covering of earth and when the seeds do germinate, the weak shoots do not reach the surface, and thus they are not established in the soil. The most favorable depth is proved to be a quarter of an inch for timothy, grass and clover seeds generally. The proportion per cent. of the former, which vegetates successfully, at this depth is shown to be 88, while at half an inch it is 79, and at one inch only 67 per cent. At the period of sowing grass seeds, farmers would do well to heed carefully the result of these interesting experiments.

MR. JACOB WEAMER, of South Mahoning tp., Indiana co., Pa., from a flock of thirty-six sheep, has raised, during the present season, fifty-four lambs. This is multiplying and replenishing the earth with sheep at a pretty rapid rate.

List of Jurors for June term, '65.

GRAND JURORS.

Hopewell: James Irons, (Foreman,) John R. McDonald,

Bridgewater: Peter Angel, James Harsha;

Raccoon: L. H. Oral, Thos. Spring,

Moon: Philip Cooper,

New Sewickly: James Ferguson, John Garrard,

Borough: Wm. Gill, S. J. Small, W. Taylor,

Big Beaver: William Gilkey,

Economy: James Grimes, Sr.,

Harmony: David Heath, [illegible]

[illegible] Merkle;

[illegible] Marquis;

[illegible] William Pence:

[illegible] Jno. H. Russell, James Smart Sr.;

North Sewickley: James Thomas

Fallston: John W. Thornley;

PETIT JURORS.

Independence. Robert Adams, Wm. Figly, Robert Gorsuch Jr.;

Big Beaver: Emmet Anderson;

Hanover: Matthew Anderson, David Nichols Jr., William H. Nelson, Wm Hartford;

Hookstown: Nathaniel Blackamore, J. H. Trimble, David Kerr,

Georgetown: Richard Calhoun, Chas. Calhoun;

Moon: Oscar Conrad, D. B. Short, John R. Mohler Thomas Todd;

Darlington: R A. Cochran, Archy Cunningham,

Ohio: John Duncan;

New Brighton: James Edgar, John Glass, John Kelin;

Greene: Wm. Ferguson;

Economy: John Gray Jr., James Sprott;

Rochester Tp.: Wm. Moore,

Rochester Bor.: Hugh Jackson;

Industry: Martin L. Knight;

Brighton: William Moore;

Borough Tp.: James Moffit;

Raccoon: John McHenry;

Pulaski: James Mc'Guire, James Wallace, Sr.,

Franklin: Thos Potter, John L. Pyle;

Marion: Sherlock Stone;

North Sewickley: James Warnock.

THE BEAVER ARGUS.

May 31st, 1865

The Trial of Jeff. Davis.

The Grand Jury of the U. S. Court for the District of Columbia have returned a true bill of indictment for Treason against Jefferson Davis. The overt act laid, to give the Court jurisdiction, is the attack made by Early's forces upon the defences of Washington last summer. The indictment was sent to the Jury by the U. S. District Attorney. We presume Mr. Carrington acted under instructions from his superiors, and that the mode of trial of the leading rebels has therefore been decided by the Administration in favor of the civil tribunals. The case of Mr. Davis will be taken up, it is said, at an early day.

It does not yet appear whether any defence will be attempted. Davis is yet in confinement at Fortress Monroe, allowed to hold no communication with any but his immediate custodians; but we presume the Government will, at the proper time, afford him every legitimate facility for the preparation of his case. Treason, under the Constitution, is defined to be levying war against the United States or giving aid and comfort to its enemies, and two witnesses are required to the overt act. That war against the United States was levied by the District of Columbia Breckenridge, acting under the authority of Davis as President of the Confederate States and Commander-in-Chief of their forces, may be proven by a cloud of witnesses, and there will only remain to the criminal the legal question whether a State has the right at pleasure to withdraw from the Union, and so relieve her citizens from their obligations under the Constitution and the penalties it imposes. This involves the principle for which we spent so many millions and sacrificed so many lives, and can have but one solution in a loyal court.

Davis will be convicted of treason, and its punishment under the act of 1790 is death upon the gallows, from which he can only be relieved by the Executive pardon.

Since the collapse of the rebellion, the attitude of ultra Sympathizers and Copperheads in which the death and its penalties are [illegible] to the [illegible] of the [illegible] and the [illegible] to [illegible] life [illegible] and [illegible] and [illegible] and

THE BEAVER ARGUS

MAY 31st, 1865.

LOCAL and MISCELLANEOUS

Meeting of County Committee

Members of the Union County Committee are requested to meet at the Court House, in Beaver, on Saturday, June 3d, at 1 p. m., to fix the time of holding County Convention. A full attendance is requested.

J. S. RUTAN, *Ch'n.*

☞ Alex. Clark is still Agent for the sale of the "Welcome Hay Rake," for this County, and we understand is meeting with excellent success in disposing of his machines. Our experience in agricultural implements is not sufficient to enable us to pronounce upon its merits, but it is recommended as a good invention and we trust our friends in the country will give it a trial.

☞ A man was found drowned in the river below Vanport, last week, and an inquest was held on the body by Robert Potter, Esq. He was about twenty-five or thirty years of age, five feet ten inches in height, black hair, and wore a blue blouse, Canton flannel shirt and cassimere pants. Had a brass ring on left finger. Nothing was found on his person to enable the jury to identify him.

Lectures on Chemistry.

On Tuesday evening, June 6th, Dr. George M'Clean of Allegheny city, will deliver a Lecture on the subject of Chemistry, in the Society room of the Beaver Academy, for the benefit of the Literary Society connected with that Institution. The Lecture will begin at 7½ o'clock, P. M. Admittance fee, 25 cts. The Dr. proposes to form a class, to which he will lecture on Thursday and Friday evenings of that week, and on Tuesday, Thursday and Friday evenings of the week following, charging each pupil one dollar for the course. He is an experienced Chemist, and successful experimenter, and with the apparatus of the Academy will be able to both interest and instruct his auditors.

☞ We print upon our outside page an extract from "The Field, the Dungeon and the Escape," by Albert D. Richardson, late army correspondent of the New York *Tribune*. Mr. Richardson, with other newspaper reporters, was captured by the rebels in attempting to run the gauntlet of the Vicksburg batteries in 1863. Their boat being aboard, and destroyed. The book embraces a complete narrative of the adventures of Mr. Richardson whilst in the secret service of the *Tribune* in the South, at the time of the outbreak of the war, of the first operations in front of Vicksburg, and of his capture, confinement and escape, after a series of the most romantic adventures. It promises to be one of the most interesting works of its class which the war has produced.

The book is published by the American Publishing Company, Hartford, Conn., and as it is sold only by subscription, they desire agents for every city, county and township in the United States.

Clergymen's Expressions.

The Steinway Piano I purchased of you in 1859, gives us the most unalloyed satisfaction. For volume, sweetness and brilliancy of tone I have never heard its superior, and I believe it must become the popular instrument of the day.

EDWIN M. VAN DEUSEN, D. D.

The piano of Steinway's make I purchased from you some five years ago, is all you represented and we like it better the longer we have it. Its tone is not in the least impaired, and no one can detect in it any of those old kettle or tin pan sounds so common in many pianos after they have been used a few years.

REV. J. MCMILLAN.

The quality of tone of Steinway's Piano approximates more closely the tenderness and sweetness of the human voice than any instrument I have heard. I have placed two of them under six hours hard practice, each, daily, in our Seminary, they maintain their freshness and purity of tone in a remarkable manner.

GEORGE N. RIDER, Rector.

The above letters are addressed to the Messrs. H. Kleber & Bro., of Pittsburg, Pa., who are the sole agents in Western Penna., for the Steinway Pianos.

Agricultural Meeting.

The managers of the Beaver County Agricultural Society met at the office of the Clerk of Courts, 27th May.

Present: Robert Barclay, President, Wm. Shrodes, John Potter, James Darragh.

Premiums for Cross between the Spanish and other breed of Sheep will be the same as offered for the Spanish.

The same premium will be given for Leicester South down as given for the coarse wool Sheep.

The report of the various committees was accepted as amended.

Adjourned, to meet on Saturday the 24th of June. The managers should all attend, as business of importance to the Society will be transacted

JAMES DARRAGH, *Sec. pro tem.*

MUSICAL ENTERTAINMENT.—There will be a Concert in the M. E. Church, Beaver, on Friday evening, June 2d, at 7½ o'clock, for the benefit of the Sabbath School.

☞ Messrs. Clay and Gray have on exhibition at the Union Hotel a Model of "Clay's Patent Metallic Weather Strip," for preventing rain, snow, dust, and cold air from entering dwellings under outside doors and windows. We cannot better set forth the excellence of this invention than by quoting from the Bradford County *Reporter*, which thus discourses:

"It is a thing that every man wants who has outside doors or French Windows. It is both ornamental and useful. It looks neat, and effectually prevents the rain, snow, dust, and cold from entering dwellings under outside doors and windows. It is cheap and durable, in fact no man can afford to do without it on the score of comfort and economy. Any person of ordinary skill can make and apply it. In fact you must see to fully appreciate it."

The Patentee has only the counties of Beaver and Allegheny unsold in this part of the State. If you want to serve the people and make money, we advise you to call and see the above named gentlemen, who will remain in town for a few days.

Smith's Ferry Oil Re...

To the Editor of the Pittsburg ... cial:—Seeing something ... every issue of your paper ... of certain localities ... coveries of oil, I ... ask space in which to ... the unquestionable ... Ferry region. ... commenced here more than four years ago, beginning prior to the breaking out of the southern rebellion. The results were very encouraging till the war tocsin sounded the temporary death knell of every branch of business. But black and appalling war clouds which would have completely throttled European industry, seemed but to slash American energy into enterprise as extensive with the rebellion itself.

It, amid the smoke and ravages of war, the enterprise of our people has been preserved and improved, surely the writhings of rebellion in its death throes will not check its advance. The bustle and activity, and derricks to be seen here attest that such is the feeling common among citizens. On Smith's Ferry Run, which empties into the Ohio at Smith's Ferry, some nine wells have been sunk to the proper depth, with the most flattering success, there being not a single failure. The yield of these wells is from one to five barrels daily, and most of them being flowing wells the expense attending the securing of the oil is very trifling. Those requiring the aid of pumps are attended to in less than one week's work day.

About the same number of wells are to be found in the village of Glasgow, which is a short distance from Smith's Ferry, on the right bank of the Ohio, and on the left bank of the Little Beaver Creek, which puts into the Ohio at this point. Turning up this creek we find its banks dotted with derricks for a distance of more than five miles from its mouth. Three miles up this creek, where a few years ago nothing met the eye of the traveler save frowning hills, and an occasional unfriendly looking hut; where emigrants had made few footprints, and the hand of sojourners fewer improvements, are several wells of great value. The first well was bored about three years ago, and has been yielding two barrels a day ever since. The second well was bored fourteen months ago, and has given an average of five barrels per day. A third well has been in operation six months, giving a yield of ten barrels a day. For this well its owners have refused fifty thousand dollars.

The expense incurred in putting a well down to the required depth is small—the total cost being, perhaps, four thousand dollars. The absolute loss in case of failure, which is not counted on, would be about two thousand dollars; as the engine and tools can be sold for as much as they cost, as long as the demands overreached the supply. These wells are usually tubed every four or six weeks, the expense accompanying which is not more than five or ten dollars.

The Cairo City Oil Company have struck a vein of oil and gas four miles from the mouth of the creek, at a depth of 585 feet. Competent judges pronounce it an excellent well. The Fairview Oil Company are down more than 400 feet with cheering prospects for oil.

In addition of five miles from the mouth of the creek—where we once traced in melancholy and moody and solemn silence, the meanderings of a narrow, grass grown road, with no sounds falling on the ear but the rippling of the silvery current dancing over its rock bound channel, as if eager to mingle with more company—ample preparations have been made for boring seventy-five or a hundred wells, which will fully develope this region. The land on this creek is about all leased or sold. Two farms on the Little Beaver, one of fifty seven and the others of forty five acres, have been sold to Pittsburg companies for twenty five thousand dollars each.

The oil obtained here is amber colored, and used for burning in the crude state. It is used entirely in that state in this neighborhood. The fact of its being always used here, free from all accidents, ought to be enough to dispel fears wherever felt, with respect to its safety. It is used extensively as a lubricating oil, and in many woolen factories for greasing wool, &c. The Smith's Ferry oil sells for as much with packages returned, as Allegheny oil is worth packages included.

LEON.

DIRGE.

The following funeral hymn, written by Rev. Dr. Gurley, was sung on the occasion of the burial of President Lincoln:

Rest, noble martyr! rest in peace;
Rest with the true and brave,
Who, like thee, fell in freedom's cause
The nation's life to save.

Thy name shall live while times endures
And men shall say of thee,
"He saved his country from its foes,
And bade the slave be free."

These deeds shall be thy monument,
Better than brass or stone;
They leave thy fame in glory's light,
Unrivaled and alone.

This consecrated spot shall be
To freedom ever dear;
And freedom's sons of every race
Shall weep and worship here.

O God, before whom we, in tears,
Our fallen chief deplore;
Grant that the cause for which he died
May live for evermore.

☞ HARPER'S MONTHLY for June is before us and fully maintains the reputation of the Magazine. Ross Browne's sketches of his travels in the Washoe country, with Collin's "Armadale," and Dicken's "Our Mutual Friend," are continued, as is Mr. Abbott's "Heroic Deeds of ... Mr. Abbott is ... Clellan's ...

J. H. Q...
HOUSE AND SIGN PAI...
ALL orders left at Moore's Drug ... the borough of Beaver, will be ... attended to. my17'65

CHARLES B. HURST,
NOTARY PUBLIC.
OFFICE IN THE DIAMOND,
ROCHESTER, PA.,
In the Room Lately Occupied by
F. A. Fortune. [ap5:6m

Penn Planing Mill,
SASH & DOOR FACTORY.
JAS. A. SHOLES ..... ALFRED SLACK.
SLACK & SHOLES,
Cor. Penn & Marbury Streets,
PITTSBURG, PA.
Flooring, Weatherboarding, Sash, Doors, Frames, Brackets & Moulding.
Always on hand or made to order. [my11:1y

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

By virtue of an order of Orphans' Court of the county of Beaver, the undersigned will expose to sale by public vendue or outcry, on the premises on

Saturday, June 3d, 1865,

... the following described ... follo... on the ... by lands ... Smith; on which is ...

TERMS.—One-third ... in hand on the confirmation of sale by the Court, balance in two equal annual payments from that date, with interest thereon from same time.

MILTON LAWRENCE,
Guardian of said minors.
my17'65

Notice in the Orphans' Court

The following appraisements under the Act of Assembly, of the 14th of April, 1851, of property allowed to be retained by a widow or children of a decedent, to the value of $300, have been filed in the Office of the Clerk of the Orphans' Court, of Beaver county, and approved nisi, to wit:

Personal property to amount of $131.40, retained by widow of Jos. Gillespie, deceased. Margaret Gillespie, adm'x.

Personal property to amount of $300, retained by widow of Wm. Young, dec'd. Jennet Young, adm'x.

Personal property to amount of $300, retained by widow of Wm. Searight, deceased. Thos. Standish, adm'r.

Personal property to amount of $300, retained by widow of James Tennis, dec'd. Jno. Reed and Oliver Tennis, adm'rs.

Personal property to amount of $300, retained by widow of Dr. J. G. Elder, dec'd.—Robert Oliver, adm'r.

Personal property to amount of $200, more or less, retained by widow of James M'Kinley, Dr. M. Lawrence, adm'r.

Personal property to amount of $229.25, retained by Mary A. Hamilton, Adm'x.

Notice is hereby given to creditors, heirs, legatees, distributees, and all others interested, to appear at the next term of said Court, and not later than the third day, being the 7th of June next, to shew cause, if any they have, against the final confirmation of the above appraisements.

my10 JOHN A. FRAZIER, Clerk.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

ALL persons interested in the following Administration and Guardian accounts, which have been passed and filed in the Register's Office, of Beaver county, Pa., will take notice that the same will be presented to the Orphans' Court, to be held at Beaver, in and for the county of Beaver, on Wednesday, the 7th day of June, 1865, for confirmation and allowance.

The final account of R. S. Cunningham and John Ward, Executors of the last will of James Cunningham, dec'd.

The final account of Rezin Noggle and Rachel Cochran, Executors of the last will of David Cochran, dec'd.

The final accounts (Real and Personal) of James M. Isaacs and Joseph Jackson, Executors of the last will of Samuel Jackson, dec'd.

The account of Wm. A. Thomson, Administrator of the estate of Vandermack Springer, dec'd.

The final account of Wm. A. Thomson, Administrator of the estate of Peter Eachel, decd.

The final account of Hugh Martin, Administrator of the estate of Maria A. W. Eakin, dec'd.

The final accounts (Real and Personal) of Samuel and Edmund Boots, Executors of the last will of Samuel Baxter, dec'd.

The final accounts (Real and Personal) of James Jackson and Edmund Boots, Executors of the last will of James Aiken, dec'd.

The account of William Porter, Executor of the last will of George M'Kean, dec'd.

The final account of Amos Romeigh, Administrator of the estate of Alexander ... Romeigh, dec'd.

The final account of Michael Cam... Administrator *cum testamento ...* of Moritz, dec'd.

The account of Archib... of Mary Alex... account ... the ...

RAILROADS.

PITTS. FT. W. & C. R. R.

On and after May 14, 1865, Trains will leave Stations daily, Sundays excepted, as follows: (Train leaving Chicago at 5.50 P. M. leaves daily.)

TRAINS GOING WEST.

	Exp's.	Mail.	Exp's.	Exp's.
Pittsburg	210AM	700AM	200PM	300PM
Rochester	320 "	830 "	315 "	415 "
N. Brighton	.... "	843 "	330 "	430 "
Enon	425 "	935 "	424 "	522 "
Columbiana	501 "	1017 "	503 "	600 "
Salem	531 "	1048 "	535 "	633 "
Alliance	625 "	1150 "	635 "	735 "
Canton	712 "	1242PM	725 "	825 "
Massillon	735 "	102 "	750 "	855 "
Orrville	812 "	142 "	828 "	940 "
Wooster	848 "	218 "	905 "	1016 "
Loudonville	939 "	326 "	1000 "	1120 "
Mansfield	1030 "	425 "	1100 "	1213AM
	Ar 1100 "	500 "	1130 "	1245 "
Crestline	De 1130 "	640AM	.... AM	125 "
Bucyrus	1159 "	710 "	.... "	154 "
U. Sandusky	1240PM	757 "	.... "	230 "
Forest	115 "	835 "	.... "	301 "
Lima	234 "	1010 "	.... "	414 "
Delphos	312 "	1059 "	.... "	450 "
Van Wert	342 "	1134 "	.... "	520 "
Fort Wayne	.... "	180PM	.... "	700 "
Columbia	.... "	228 "	.... "	745 "
Huntsville	.... "	3 "	.... "	805 "
Plymouth	.... "	.... "	.... "	815 "
	.... "	.... "	.... "	834 "
	.... "	.... "	.... "	906 "
	.... "	.... "	.... "	950 "

Eagle and Erie, 6.40 a. m. Ac... trains leave Allegheny for New ... 10 a. m., 11.50 a. m., 2.15 p. m. ... m. Fast Express, 10.30 p. m. ... Greenville and Jame...

... & ERIE RR.

... May 14, 1865, trains will leave sta... Sundays excepted, as follows.

GOING SOUTH.

	Mail.	Exp's.	C. Z. & C. Mail.	C. Z. & C. Accom
Cleveland	800AM	130PM	800AM	315PM
Euclid street	811 "	141 "	811 "	328 "
Hudson	915 "	242 "	915 "	450 "
Akron	.....	.....	1030 "	527 "
Orrville	.....	.....	1229PM	648 "
Millersburg	.....	.....	218 "	750 "
Ravenna	950 "	820 "	.....	.....
Alliance	1049 "	415 "	.....	.....
Bayard	1129 "	451 "	.....	.....
Wellsville	110PM	635 "	.....	.....

GOING NORTH.

	Mail.	Exp's.	C. Z. & C. Accom	C. Z. & C. Exp's.
Wellsville	435AM	505PM	.....	.....
Bayard	614 "	640 "	.....	.....
Alliance	710 "	735 "	.....	.....
Ravenna	800 "	825 "	.....	.....
Millersburg	.....	.....	440AM	805PM
Orrville	.....	.....	552 "	905 "
Akron	.....	.....	740 "	720 "
Hudson	832 "	859 "	800 "	849 "
Euclid street	943 "	959 "	916 "	949 "
Cleveland	965 "	1010 "	930 "	1000 "

GOING EAST.

	Mail.	Exp's.	Exp's.	Accom
Bellaire	1050AM	415PM	950PM	.....
Bridgeport	1100 "	430 "	1002 "	.....
[illegible]	1143 "	525 "	1043 "	.....
[illegible]	1215PM	550 "	1105 "	535PM
[illegible]	1230 "	700 "	1200 "	645 "
[illegible]	1252 "	.....	.....	.....
[illegible]	100 "	.....	.....	.....
[illegible]	220 "	755 "	100AM	915 "
[illegible]	245 "	900 "	125 "	1000 "

GOING WEST.

Smi[illegible]	500 "	525 "	745 "	950PM
Wellsville	500 "	525 "	820 "	515 "
Steubenville	525 "	650 "	945 "	525 "
Lagrange	550 "	715 "	1005 "	605 "
Bridgeport	629 "	802 "	1100 "	.....
Bellaire	640 "	815 "	1115 "	.....

TUSCARAWAS BRANCH.

Leaves	Arrives
N. Philadelphia 1.20 p m	Bayard, 4.10 p m;
Bayard, 6.45 p m,	N. Philadel 9.25 P.

F. R. MYERS, General Ticket Agent.

License Notice.

LIST of applicants for License at June Sessions, 1865:

HOTELS, &C.

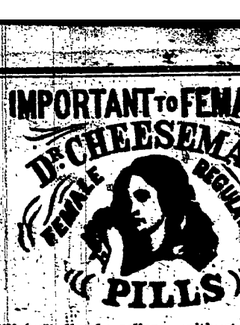
Wm. Johnston.....Rochester;
Adam Johnston..... do
Michael Camp, jr..... do
John S. Anderson..... do
David Johnston.....Big Beaver tp.
David Magaw.....New Brighton;
Henry Bimber.....Phillipsburgh;
George Proudley.....Bridgewater;
Henry Ankeny..... do
A. J. Cook.....Darlington;
R. L. Baker, (Trustee).....Economy;
Francis Leslie.....Rochester;

To sell liquor in quantities not less than one quart, with goods, wares and merchandize:

G. C. Speyerer.....Rochester;
Peter Angel.....Bridgewater.
Wm. Breitenstein.....Economy tp.
Andrew Swaney.....Greene tp.
John S. Dickey.....Bridgewater.

my10 JOHN A. FRAZIER, Cl'k.

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.



Will immediately relieve, without pain, all disturbances at the periodic discharge, whether arising from relaxation or suppression.—They act like a charm in removing the pains that accompany difficult or immoderate menstruation, and are the only safe and reliable remedy for Flushes, Sick Headache, Pains in the Loins, Back and Sides, Palpitation of the Heart, Nervous Tremors, Hysterics, Spasms, Broken Sleep, and other unpleasant and dangerous effects of an unnatural condition of the sexual functions. In the worst cases of *Fluor Albus*, or Whites, they effect speedy cure.

Dr. Cheeseman's Female Pills

Have been used OVER A QUARTER OF A CENTURY. They are offered as the only safe means of renewing interrupted menstruation, but Ladies must bear in mind that there is *one condition* of the female system in which the Pills cannot be taken without producing a *peculiar result*. The condition referred to is *pregnancy*—the result, *miscarriage*. Such is the irresistible tendency of the medicine to restore the sexual functions to a normal condition, that even the reproductive power of nature cannot resist it. *They cannot do harm* in any other way.

Dr. Cheeseman's Female Pills

... that *married and single* ... many years, or can ... *imitations!* These ... *ration ever put for-* ...*ersistent success.*—... this advertise- ... him that you ... *Medicine*

...PILLS!!

... giving ... from ... authori- ... *fore purchasing.*

HUTCHINGS & HILLER, Proprietors,
81 Cedar Street, New York.

☞ Sold Wholesale and Retail by Dr. J. Smith, Bridgewater; Dr. Marquis and J. Hannen, Rochester; John Moore, Beaver, and by all Druggists at New Brighton. [nov22:1y

BIOKRENE
OR
LIFE-REJUVENATOR.
STRENGTH TO THE WEAK!
YOUTH TO THE AGED!

This preparation is unequalled as a Rejuvenator and Restorer of wasted or inert functions.

The aged should be certain to make the Biokrene a household god, inasmuch as it will render them youthful in feeling and in strength, and enable them to live over again the days of their pristine joy. It not only exhilarates but strengthens, and is really a life-restorer, especially to those who have been reduced to a condition of servility, self abuse, misfortune, or ordinary sickness. No matter what the cause of the impotency of any human organ, this superb preparation will remove the effect at once and forever.

Biokrene

Cures Impotency, General Debility, Nervous Incapacity, Dyspepsia, Depression, Loss of Appetite, Low Spirits, weakness of the Organs of Generation, Imbecility, Mental Indolence, Emaciation, Ennui. It has a most *delightful, desirable and novel* effect upon the nervous system; and all who are in any way prostrated by nervous disabilities are earnestly advised to seek a cure in this most excellent and unequalled preparation.

Persons who, by imprudence, have lost their *natural vigor*, will find a speedy and permanent cure in the

Biokrene.

The Feeble, the Languid, the Dispairing, the Old should give this valuable discovery a trial; it will be found totally different from all other articles for the same purposes.

TO FEMALES.—This preparation is invaluable in nervous weakness of all kinds, as it will restore the wasted strength with wonderful permanence.

It is also a grand tonic, and will give relief to Dyspepsia with the first dose. A brief persistence in its use will reinvigorate the stomach to a degree of perfect health, and banish Dyspepsia forever.

One dollar per Bottle, or six bottles for $5. Sold by druggists generally.

Pamphlets containing certificates, &c., sent free by addressing HUTCHINGS & HILLER, Proprietors,
81 Cedar Street, New York.

☞ Sold Wholesale and Retail by Dr. J. Smith, Bridgewater; Dr. Marquis and J. Hannen, Rochester; John Moore, Beaver, and by all Druggists at New Brighton. [nov22:1y

THE GREAT
STEINWAY
PIANOS!

The most perfect Piano Fortes in the world,

CAN BE HAD ONLY

AT

H. KLEBER & BRO'S.,
122 WOOD ST., PITTSBUHG.

☞ Sole Agents for Steinway's Pianos for Western Pennsylvania. [my10'65

CARHART'S
Parlor Organs
AND
ORGAN HARMONIUMS.
☞ ESTABLISHED IN 1839. ☜

THE oldest and most popular instruments of the kind in this country.

For Sale only at

H. KLEBER & BRO'S.,
122 *Wood st, Pittsburg.*

☞ Sole Agents for Carhart's Parlor Organs for Western Penn'a. my10'65

... infection which ... call SCROFULA ... in the constitution of ... multitudes of these. It ... either produces or is ... produced by an enfeebled, morbid state of the blood, wherein ... that fluid becomes incompetent, from ... the vital forces to afford ... vigorous action, and leaves the system to ... fall into disorder and ... decay. The scrofulous contamination is variously caused by mercurial disease, low living, disordered digestion from unlawful food, impure air, filth and filthy habits, the depressing vices, and, above all, by the venereal infection. Whatever be its origin, it is hereditary in the constitution, descending from parents to children unto the third and fourth generation; indeed, it seems to be the rod of Him who says, "I will visit the iniquities of the fathers upon their children." The diseases it originates take various names, according to the organs it attacks. In the lungs, Scrofula produces tubercles, and finally Consumption; in the glands, swellings which suppurate and become ulcerous sores; in the stomach and bowels, derangements which produce indigestion, dyspepsia, and liver complaints; on the skin, eruptive and cutaneous affections. These, all having the same origin, require the same remedy, viz.: purification and invigoration of the blood. Purify the blood, and these dangerous distempers leave you. With feeble, foul, or corrupted blood, you cannot have health; with that "life of the flesh" healthy, you cannot have scrofulous disease.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

is compounded from the most effectual antidotes that medical science has discovered for this afflicting distemper, and for the cure of the disorders it entails. That it is far superior to any other remedy yet devised, known by all who have given it a trial, it does combine virtues truly extraordinary in their effect upon this class of complaints, is indisputably proven by the great number of publicly known and remarkable cures it has made of the following diseases:

Scrofula, or Glandular Swellings,
Eruptions, Pimples, Blotches,
Erysipelas, Rose or St. Anthony Fire,
Salt Rheum, Scald Head,
Tuberculous deposits in the Lungs,
Swellings, Debility,
Dyspepsia or Indigestion,
Syphilitic Infections,
Female Weaknesses,

and a series of complaints that arise from impurities of the blood. While it is a powerful alterative, it is also a pleasant cordial, and may be taken by the most delicate child or feeble woman. Its virtues have been proved by abundant trial, and there is no disease of the blood which it will not relieve. Although under the same name, it is a different medicine from any other which has been before the people, and is far more effectual than any other which has ever been available to them.

AYER'S
CHERRY PECTORAL
The World's Great Remedy for Coughs, Colds, Incipient Consumption, and for the relief of Consumptive patients in advanced stages of the disease.

This has been, for many years, and is generally known, and we need not, therefore, assure the public that its qualities are up to the best it ever has been, and may be relied on to do all it has done before.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer,
Practical and Analytical Chemist,
LOWELL, MASS.

Sold by all druggists everywhere.

☞ Sold by J. Moore, Beaver; Bridgewater, S. J. Cross, Rochester; Agent, New Brighton; and by dealers everywhere.

SMITH'S FERRY AND
LITTLE BEAVER
PETROLEUM COMPANY.

CAPITAL STOCK.....$80,000

80,000 Shares of Par Value of.....$1,00 each.

WORKING CAPITAL.....$13,000

AT a meeting of the stockholders of the above company, held at their office in the borough of Rochester, April 29th, 1865, the following persons were elected its officers for the ensuing year:

PRESIDENT:
MATTISON DARRAGH.

TREASURER & SECRETARY:
CHARLES B. HURST.

DIRECTORS:

Mattison Darragh,	Milo R. Adams,
Charles Stone,	Alfred C. Hurst,
James Darragh,	John Bigger,
Levi Brenneman,	Robt. A. Cochran,
	Charles F. Kendall.

☞ A limited number of shares of Stock of the above Company may be had by application at the office of the company.

☞ Office in the Diamond, Rochester, Pa.

my3:6m CHAS. B. HURST, Sec'y.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of GEORGE M. MITCHELL, late of Big Beaver tp., Beaver co., dec'd, having been issued to the undersigned, all persons indebted are required to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them, properly authenticated for settlement.

HUGH MARSHALL, Adm'r.,
my24'65 Big Beaver tp.

Notice

To Stockholders in the Rochester Manufacturing Company of Rochester, Beaver County, Pa.

THE property of the Company having been sold, the Stockholders will receive their dividend on presentation of their certificates to

GEO. C. SPEYERER, Treasurer,
my17:3w Rochester, Pa.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters testamentary on the estate of CLEMENT EHRMAN, late of Economy tp., Beaver co., Pa., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

SOPHIA EHRMAN, Ex'rx.
my8'65 Economy tp.

STATE & COUNTY TAX.

THE County Treasurer will attend in the several townships and boroughs for the purpose of receiving the County and State taxes for the year 1865, at the times and places designated below, viz:

Georgetown	May	24,	C. Calhoon's;
Glasgow & Ohio tp		25,	Jesse Smith's;
Industry		26,	Aber's;
Phillipsburg		29,	Bimber's;
Freedom		30,	McCaskey's;
Harmony		31,	Store;
Rochester tp	June	1,	W Johnson's hotel;
do boro		2,	do do
Bridgewater		12,	Ankeny's hotel;
Patterson tp		13,	A. Robertson's;
Brighton		14,	R. Eakin's;
New Brighton	15 &	16,	Huron House;
North Sewickly		19,	N. Huzen's;
Franklin		20,	Autenreith's store.
Marion		21,	G. Hartzell's.
New Sewickly		22,	Geo. Rauscher's;
Economy tp		23,	Geo. Neely's;
Chippewa		26,	Mrs. Cunningham's;
2d Beaver, Homewood,		27,	Johnston's hotel;
do Galilee		28,	Grabbing's do
Darlington tp		29,	J. P. Dilworth's;
do boro		30,	A. J Cook's;
Fallston	July	3,	Toll House;
South Beaver		5,	Jos. Lawrence's;
do & Ohio		6,	Kerr's store;
Ohio		7,	M. R. Deringer's;
Hookstown		10,	Swearingen's hotel;
do & Greene,		11,	do do
Hanover & Greene		12,	H. Hutchinson's;
Frankfort		13,	H.M.M'Cutcheon's;
Hanover		14,	Short's store;
Raccoon		17,	D. Ewing's;
Independence		18,	John Holmes';
do & Hopewell		19,	Johnston's store;
Hopewell		20,	Scott's;
Moon		21,	Wm. Elliott's;
Pulaski,		22,	R. Wallace's.

☞ Payment can be made in the adjoining districts. All licenses must be paid before the 1st of July. JOHN CAUGHEY, Treasurer.

may1'65

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

BY virtue of an order of Orphans' Court of the county of Beaver, to me directed, I will expose to public sale, on the premises, in the borough of Freedom, on

Saturday, June 3d, 1865,

at 1 o'clock, p. m., the following described real estate of John A. Brown, dec'd., to wit: A certain lot of ground, being No. 51 in the plan of said borough, bounded and described as follows, beginning at a corner of lot No. 50 on Main street, thence by said street 100 ft. to lot No. 32, thence by said lot 100 ft. to an alley, thence 60 ft. to lot No. 50, thence by said lot 100 feet to Main street, the place of beginning; on which are erected a two story frame dwelling house and frame stable.

Also, one other lot of ground, being No. 61 in the plan of said borough, and bounded and described as follows, on the North by lot No. 60, on the east by Virtue st., on the south by lot No. 62, and west by lot No. 42.

TERMS.—One third of the purchase money to be paid on the confirmation of the sale by the Court, one third in one year thereafter with interest thereon from the confirmation, and the deferred instalment to remain charged upon the premises during the natural life of the widow of said deceased, the interest thereon to be paid to her annually, from and after the confirmation, by the purchaser, his heirs or assigns, and her dower in the deferred instalment to be paid to the persons legally entitled thereto.

JOSEPH LEDLIE, Sh'ff.

Sheriff's Office, may10'65

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

BY virtue of an order of Orphans' Court, of the county of Beaver, the undersigned will expose to sale by Public Vendue or outcry, on the premises, on

Saturday, June 3d, 1865,

at 1 o'clock, p. m., the following described property, being the estate of Henrietta Murrels and Louisa Murrels, minor children of Frank Murrels, dec'd, situate in the borough of Bridgewater, Beaver county:

1st. The undivided one-fifth of all that certain lot of ground, bounded north by lot of Henry Ankeny, east by an alley, south by Water street, and west by lot of Mrs. Boies; on which are erected a two story frame dwelling house, 36 by 16 feet, a stable and other outbuildings.

2d. Also, the undivided one-fifth of a certain outlot enclosed lot in Stone's plan of additions to the Borough of Bridgewater, bounded north by Mulberry alley, east by Mulberry st., south by lot of John Miller's heirs, and west by Water or alley.

3d. Also, the undivided one-tenth of all that certain other lot in the borough aforesaid, bounded north by Locust street, east by lot of Mrs. Bowers, south by lot of ——Shewart, and west by Market street, on which is erected a two story frame dwelling house.

The above described lots being of the usual size in said borough, and the above undivided interests therein being the dower of Elizabeth Murrels, widow of Frank Murrels, sr., dec'd.

One-third of the purchase money on confirmation of the sale by the court, and the residue in two equal, annual payments from date, with interest thereon from same.

JOHN MURRELS,
may10'65. Guardian of said minors.

BEAVER SEMINARY AND MUSICAL INSTITUTE.

Rev. R. T. TAYLOR, President,

OPENS MARCH 28, 1865

$58.50

Pays for Board, Room, Fuel, Light, and Tuition in Common Branches, 14 weeks.

Lessons on Piano, Organ, Harmonium, Melodeon and Guitar, by superior teachers.

A Primary Department, for small boys and girls, will be opened.

A liberal reduction will be made to children commencing music lessons.

Reduction of 25 per cent. on all bills made to ministers' and soldiers' daughters. [mar15

TO FARMERS.

I will offer at private sale, for a few months one 8-horse power thresher and separator, good as new and in perfect order; one-half "Buckeye" Mower and Reaper; "Excelsior" Mower and Reaper, patent drop delivery;—Wagons Plows, Harrows, wheeled Horse-rake, Grain Drill &c. The above are all nearly new and of the latest improvement.

Also, a large lot of Salem Cook and Parlor Stoves, the best in use and warranted in every respect.

R. G. COOK,
near Darlington, Beaver co., Pa.
mar.29,'65.

Dividend No. 14.

NATIONAL BANK OF BEAVER COUNTY,
New Brighton, May 2, 1865.

THE President and Directors of this Bank have this day declared a DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT. upon its Capital Stock, out of the profits of the last 6 months, payable to Stockholders or their legal representatives on demand—free of government tax.

In order to adopt a period for declaration of dividends conformable to the time for making reports to the Comptroller of the Currency, this bank will declare a dividend for two months on the first Wednesday of July next, and semi-annually thereafter on the first Wednesdays of January and July

By order of the Board:
may10 EDW'D. HOOPS, Cashier.

GO TO F. A. FORTUNE'S,

IN THE

DIAMOND, ROCHESTER, PA.,

FOR

Great Bar[illegible]

DRY GOODS, BOOTS

AND SHOES, HATS

AND CAPS,

BONNETS, RIBBONS, &c

A complete assortment of

DOMESTICS

Always on hand, such as

Prints, Muslins, Ginghams

Checks, Ticks, Pant

Stuffs., &c,

AS LARGE AN ASSORTMENT AND AT

Lower Prices Than Can

be Bo't in Pittsburg

or Vicinity!

GIVE US A CALL, AND

SAVE TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT.

Remember the Place,

FORTUNE'S

CHEAP DRY GOODS EMPORIUM

In the Diamond, Rochester, Pa.

THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL.

Published Daily by

The Pittsburgh Newspaper and Printing Company.

One of the Largest and Most Widely Circulated Papers in the State. Gives the Earliest and Fullest Intelligence.

Prospectus for the New Year.

On assuming control of the *Commercial*, at the commencement of the year, the conductors announced their DETERMINATION to infuse a *new life and vigor* into its columns which should render the paper MORE THAN EVER ACCEPTABLE TO THE READER.

The Rapid Increase in Circulation, flattering notices of our contemporaries, and Congratulatory Letters from every quarter, assure us that our efforts have not been unsuccessful.

The *Commercial* HAS GROWN DAILY in public favor until it now ranks among the LEADING JOURNALS in the country.

In order to keep pace with the demands of the reading public, and at the same time meet the increasing pressure on our advertising columns, we some months since INCREASED THE DIMENSIONS OF THE PAPER TO THE EXTENT OF FOUR COLUMNS.

Among the leading features are full a reliable TELEGRAPHIC REPORTS;
from all the leading points of interest. It
special attention to
MARKET REPORTS,
IRON, OIL, CATTLE
O, and the PITT
ETS. Our
ER NEW
STO

FRIENDS AND RELATIVES OF THE BRAVE SOLDIERS AND SAILROS,

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS And Ointment.

ALL WHO have Friends and Relatives in the Army or Navy, should take especial care that they be amply supplied with those Pills and Ointment; and where the brave Soldiers and Sailors have neglected to provide themselves with them, no better present can be sent them by their friends. They have been proved to be the Soldier's never-failing friend in the hour of need.

COUGHS AND COLDS AFFECTING TROOPS

Will be speedily removed and effectually cured by using these admirable medicines, and by paying proper attention to the Directions which are attached to each Pot or Box.

SICK HEADACHES AND WANT OF APPETITE INCIDENTAL TO SOLDIERS.

These feelings which so sadden us, usually arise from trouble or annoyances, obstructed perspiration, or eating and drinking whatever is unwholesome, thus disturbing the healthful action of the liver and stomach. These organs must be relieved, if you desire to be well. The Pills, taking according to the printed instructions, will quickly a produce a healthy action in both liver and stomach, and as a natural consequence a clear head and good appetite.

WEAKNESS OR DEBILITY INDUCED BY OVER FATIGUE,

Will soon disappear by the use of these invaluable Pills, and the Soldier will quickly acquire additional strength. Never let the bowels be either confined or unduly acted upon.

[illegible] that Holloway's Pills
[illegible] or Dysentery and
[illegible] that they would
[illegible]

VOLUNTEERS ATTENTION! TO YOUNG AND OLD.

[illegible] and Bowel Disorders and Scurvy can with certainty be radically cured if these Pills are taken [illegible] and according to the directions. If used in any case they do not agree [illegible] Ointment will [illegible] from the system and leave the [illegible] vigorous and healthy than it will restore a sailing sore.

FOR WOUNDS EITHER OCCASIONED BY THE BAYONET, SABRE OR THE BULLET, SORES OR BRUISES.

To which every Soldier and Sailor are liable there are no medicines so safe, sure and convenient as Holloway's Pills and ointment. The poor wounded and almost dying sufferer might have his wounds dressed immediately, if he would only provide himself with this matchless Ointment, which should be thrust into the wound and smeared all around it, then covered with a piece of linen from his knapsack, and compressed with a handkerchief. Taking night and morning 6 or 8 Pills, to cool the system and prevent inflamation.

Every Soldier's knapsack and Seaman's chest should be provided with these valuable Remedies.

CAUTION.—None are genuine unless the words "*Holloway, New York and London*," are discernable as a water-mark in every leaf of the book of directions around each pot or box, the same may be plainly seen by *holding it to the light*. A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines or vending them to be spurious.

Manufactory of Professor [illegible] New York and [illegible] and Dealers in [illegible] throughout the [illegible] and all civilized [illegible] at 25c, 62c, and $1 each.

☞ Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box.

May1.

BRITISH PERIODICALS,

VIZ.

THE LONDON QUARTERLY REVIEW (Conserv.)
THE EDINBURGH REVIEW (Whig.)
THE WESTMINSTER REVIEW (Radical.)
THE NORTH BRITISH REVIEW (Free-Church.)
AND
BLACKWOOD'S EDINBURGH MAGAZINE (Tory.)

The American Publishers continue to reprint the above-named periodicals, but as the cost of printing has *doubled*, the price of paper nearly *trebled*, and taxes, duties, licenses, etc., largely increased, they are compelled to advance their terms as follows:

TERMS FOR 1865.

For any one of the Reviews	$4,00
For any two of the Reviews	7,00
For any three of the Reviews	10,00
For all four of the Reviews	12,00
For Blackwood's Magazine	4,00
For Blackwood and one Review	7,00
For Blackwood and any two Reviews	10,00
For Blackwood and three Reviews	13,00
For Blackwood and the four Reviews	15,00

The works will be printed on a *greatly improved quality of paper*, and while nearly all American Periodicals are either advanced in price or reduced in size—and very generally both—we shall continue to give Alithful copies of *all* the matters contained in the original editions. Hence, our present prices will be found as cheap, for the amount of matter furnished, as those of any of the competing periodicals in this country.

Compared with the cost of the originals in Britain, which at the present exchange are sold would be about $1[illegible]

[illegible] right in
(Jan. 1865)
we trust that
hoped we shall be en-
subscribers and the
reading public.

The interest of these Periodicals to American readers is rather increased than diminished by the articles they contain on our *Civil War*, and though sometimes tinged with prejudice, they may still, considering their great ability and the different stand-points from which they are written, be read and studied with advantage by the people of this country, of every creed and party.

THE FOUR REVIEWS for 1863.

A few copies of the above remain on hand, and will be sold at $5 for the whole four, or $2 for any one.

We also publish the

FARMER'S GUIDE.

By Henry Stephens, of Edinburgh, and the late J. P. Norton, of Yale College. 2 vols. Royal Octavo, 1600 pages and numerous Engravings.

PRICE $7 for the two volumes—by Mail, post paid, $8.

LEONARD SCOLT & CO., Publishers,
No. 38 Walker Street, New York.

New Marble Works!

D. Irons,

MARKET ST., BRIDGEWATER.

THE Subscriber announces to the public that he is prepared to furnish to customers all kind of work in his line from a PLAIN SLAB to a CARVED TOMB STONE.

American and Italian Marble

Kept on hand, and all kinds of plain as well as Ornamental work done in a satisfactory manner.

D. IRONS.

Market st. 1 door north T. Allison's store.

junel '64

ORPHANS' COURT SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

BY virtue of an order issued out of the Orphans' Court of Beaver county, the undersigned, Guardian of George W. Marker and Mary Ann Marker, minor children of Sampson Marker, dec'd, will expose to sale by Public Vendue or out-cry, at the Court House, in the borough of Beaver, on

Friday, the 2d day of June, 1865,

at 10 o'clock, a. m., the undivided two eigths of the undivided two-thirds of the following described real estate, to wit: A certain piece or parcel of land, situate in Ohio tp., in said county of Beaver, bounded on the north by land of James Russell, on the east by land of the heirs of Rosanna Campbell, dec'd., on the south by the Ohio river, and on the west by land of Joseph Cooper, containing thirty-three acres or thereabouts, on which are erected one single log dwelling house and kitchen, about 27 or 28 acres cleared and under fence. There is an orchard on the land, of apple, peach and cherry trees, and a spring of good water. A four feet vein of coal is believed to be in the land. The Cleveland and Pittsburg railroad runs through the lower bottom.

TERMS.—One third of the purchase money in hand on the confirmation of the sale by the Court, and the remainder in two equal annual instalments, from that date, with interest from that time, to be secured by bond and mortgage.

my3 THOS. MARKER, jr., Guardian, &c.

NOTICE IN PATITION.

BEAVER COUNTY, SS:

IN the Orphans' Court, in and for the county of Beaver, and State of Pennsylvania. In the matter of the partition of the real estate of Wm. Price, dec'd. To the heirs and legal representatives of said deceased, to wit: Wm. Price and John Price, whose interests are vested in Conrad Eicholtz; Margaret Price, who resides in the State of New York; James Price, David Price and Mary Price, who [illegible] in the State of Michigan; Emaline Price, [illegible] married with Elisha J. Moore, who resides [illegible] New Brighton, Beaver county, Penn., [illegible], to wit: Eliza, Francis M., [illegible] and Margaret, whose guardian [illegible], and all others interested: You are hereby cited to appear before the Hon. Judges of said Court, in and for said county of Beaver, in and for said county, on the first Monday of June next [illegible] to use the real estate of said decedent at the valuation put upon it by the inquest awarded by said Court, and returned into the office of the Sheriff to March term, 1865: [illegible] 108 acres 118 perches, [illegible] valuation and in the event of non-[illegible] to show cause why the same should not be sold.

JOS. LEDLIE,
ap24,'65. Sheriff.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of the county of Beaver, the undersigned, administrator of the Estate of David W. Horner, deceased, will expose to public sale at auction, at the Court House, in the Borough of Beaver, Beaver county, Pa., on

Friday, the 2d day of June, 1865,

the following described, to wit: two lots of ground, situate in the Borough of New Brighton, in said county of Beaver, marked and numbered on the plan of Benjamin Townsend's extension of said Borough of New Brighton, Nos. 7 and 8 lying together and enclosed under one fence, and bounded on the north by lot No. 6, on the west by Fourth Street or Bush alley, on the south by lot No. 9, and on the east by Fifth Street. The said lots being fifty feet front each, by one hundred and fifty feet deep.

TERMS—One-half of the purchase money on confirmation of sale by the Court, balance in one year from that date, with interest from same time, to be secured by bond and mortgage.

May 3,'65. JOSEPH BEANER, Adm'r.

A NORMAL Musical Class

UNDER THE DIRECTION OF

Professor A. N. JOHNSON,

Author of "The Empire," and "Thorough Base,"

will be formed at the Beaver Seminary and Musical Institute,

July 18th, 1865,

AND CONTINUE FOUR WEEKS.

The instruction will be in cultivation of the voice, Harmony, Thorough Base and Musical composition, and will continue daily for five hours. The attention of those desiring to teach or perform Sacred Music, either Vocal or Instrumental, is called to this rare opportunity for improvement.

☞ Lessons are $7,00. Board in the Institution, $15,00 for the session. For particulars address

REV. R. T. TAYLOR.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,

Office of the Comptroller of Currency,
WASHINGTON: Dec. 20, 1864.

WHEREAS, by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that "The National Bank of Beaver county" in the Borough of New Brighton, in the county of Beaver, and State of Pennsylvania, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the Act of [illegible] entitled "An Act to provide a National Currency," secured by a pledge of United States [illegible], and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof" approved June 3, 1864, and has complied with all the provisions of said Act required to be complied with before commencing the business of Banking under said Act.

Now, therefore, I, Hugh M'Culloch, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that "The National Bank of Beaver county," in the Borough of New Brighton, in the county of Beaver, and State of Pennsylvania, is authorized to commence the business of Banking under the Act aforesaid.

SEAL. In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal of office, this 20th day of December, 1864.

HUGH M'CULLOCH,
Comptroller of Currency.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

IN pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Beaver county, the undersigned, Administratrix with the will annexed of Casper Sorg, late of the county of Allegheny, dec'd, will expose to public sale on the premises, on

Saturday, June 3d, 1865,

at 1 o'clock, p. m., a lot of ground situate in the borough of Rochester, Beaver county, Pa., being lot numbered one hundred and twenty-one (121) in Gould's first sub-division of lots in said borough, and being forty feet in front and one hundred feet deep, and bounded on the north by Jackson street, west by Raymond Miller's lot No. 120, east by lot No. 122, and south by the Catholic church lot, whereon is erected a two story frame dwelling house, late the estate of said deceased.

TERMS.—One-third of the purchase money on the confirmation of the sale by the court, balance in two equal, annual payments from that date, with interest thereon from same time.

MARGARET VOELKER,
may10'65. Administratrix.

NOTICE.

NATIONAL BANK OF BEAVER COUNTY,
New Brighton, Feb. 1, 1865.

THE Stockholders of "the National Bank of Beaver County" are hereby notified that the unpaid portion of the Capital Stock is required to be paid at the Banking house in instalments as follows, viz: Twenty-five per cent. thereof, on the first day of March next, and a like instalment upon the first days of May, July and September next thereafter.

By order of the Board.

feb. 8 '65. EDWARD HOOPS, Cashier.

ROCHESTER DRUG STORE.

D. S. MARQUIS, M. D.,
Cor. Bridge st. and the Diamond,
ROCHESTER, PA.,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

PURE DRUGS,
Medicines,
DYE STUFFS,
PERFUMERY,
AND
FANCY ARTICLES.

CHEAPEST OILS & PAINTS
IN THE VICINITY.

PURE WINES
And Brandies,
FOR MEDICAL PURPOSES.

THE GREAT
HAIR DRESSER,
"FLORILINE!"
ALL ARTICLES OF
STATIONERY
Usually Kept in a Drug Store.

PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS
CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED.

PLEASE CALL AT THE
ROCHESTER DRUG STORE
IN THE DIAMOND.

BEAVER ACADEMY

THE Spring Term of this Institution will commence

Tuesday, April 4th, 1865,

under the charge of

Messrs. F. AGNEW & M. GANTZ,

[illegible] the same [illegible]
[illegible] Classical and C[illegible]
[illegible] within the [illegible]
[illegible] good English [illegible]
[illegible] have been for consid[illegible]
[illegible] in our public schools, induce[illegible]
[illegible] to attend from the fact that the latter is the Principals for the last twelve years, has been Principal of New Castle Union Schools.

Both are graduates of different colleges, and well acquainted with the wants of our higher institutions. Persons, therefore, who design fitting themselves for college, will find this a suitable and desirable place.

The former having been for some time connected with the Iron City College, as a principal teacher, and the latter also being a graduate of Duff's College, advantages superior to most outside of the Commercial colleges are offered to those desiring a business education.

Our new Academy Buildings, designed expressly for the purpose, with large school-room, class rooms, society hall, etc., are now occupied, though not quite finished. It is expected, however, to have them wholly so at an early day.

For rates of tuition, &c., send for circular.

Address the Principals or the undersigned.

H. HICE,
Sec. Board of Trustees, Beaver, Pa.

A Rare Chance for Capitalists!

Orphans' Court Sale of Valuable Oil Land!!

A Fourth Interest in the "Patton Well," at Smith's Ferry, to be Sold!!!

IN pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Beaver county, the undersigned, Administrator of Lorenzo Childs, late of said county, dec'd, will expose to public sale on the premises, on

Saturday, June 3d, 1865,

at 11 o'clock, a. m., the undivided fourth of a piece of land situate on the Little Beaver creek, in Ohio township, Beaver county, Pa., bounded by the Cleveland & Pittsburg Rail Road and land of Jesse Smith, containing one acre and twelve perches, late the estate of said deceased, on which is situate the celebrated "Patton Well," now bored to the depth of 600 feet, and yielding oil; also another oil well sunk to the depth of 200 feet. There are on the premises a Steam Grist Mill in good running order, and a Distillery; also, a first rate engine, in use for boring and pumping.

TERMS:—One third of the purchase money to be paid in hand on the confirmation of sale by the Court, the balance in two equal annual payments, with interest from the same time.

For further information apply to John Rigger, near the premises, or to the undersigned.

JOHN CHILDS,
DEBORAH E. CHILDS,
Beaver, may 10, '65. Administrators.

BEAVER COUNTY, ss:

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT OF BEAVER COUNTY, before the Honorable Judges of said Court.

In the matter of balance of account of Robert Fleming, Administrator of the estate of Ruth Scott, dec'd, with the will annexed. Account confirmed by the Court Nov 16, 1864.

And now, to wit: April 17, 1865, on motion of B. B. Chamberlin, Esq., the court appoint Andrew Wray, Esq., an Auditor to make distribution among the heirs at law of the balance of said account.

A true Extract. JOHN A. FRAZIER, Clk.

The Auditor will attend to the duties of the above appointment at the office of B. B. Chamberlin, Esq., in New Brighton, on Friday, the 2d day of June, 1865, between the hours of 9 and 3 p. m., at which time and place interested parties may attend.

ANDREW WRAY, Auditor.

BOSS BROTHER & Co's. Extra Chemic Writing Fluid, the best in the world at the Bridgewater Drug Store. Try it and be convinced. Manufactured by the American Ink Company.